Name:	Period:	 Date:	
Industrial Revolution Exam	_		

Directions: Chose the best possible answer for the questions below.

- 1. Changes that occurred between 1865 and 1914, when machines replaced hand tools, was best known as
  - a. Westward Expansion
  - b. The Industrial Revolution
  - c. Reconstruction
  - d. The Civil War
- 2. What effect did the invention of the telephone have during the Industrial Revolution?
  - a. An increase in jobs for women as switchboard operators
  - b. Safer conditions for factory workers across the nation
  - c. A decrease in the amount of city slums
  - d. The introduction of assembly lines in factories
- 3. What invention was Thomas Edison best known for?
  - a. Telephone
  - b. Electric elevator
  - c. Radio
  - d. Electric light bulb
- 4. Who of the following was best known for increased production of steel during the Industrial Revolution?
  - a. Henry Ford
  - b. Christopher Latham Sholes
  - c. Andrew Carnegie
  - d. John D. Rockefeller
- 5. Andrew Carnegie was typically described as a Captain of Industry. This term refers to a business leader who
  - a. Became wealthy using dishonest methods
  - b. Became wealthy but had a positive effect on the nation
  - c. Allowed union strikes in his or her factory
  - d. Allowed children to work in his or her factory
- 6. Which of the following is an example of how the Standard Oil monopoly affected consumers?
  - a. Standard Oil set high prices for the sale of oil
  - b. Standard Oil set low prices for the sale of oil
  - c. Standard Oil beat out the competition by making the best and cheapest product
  - d. Standard oil sold the product directly to the user, avoiding the middle man
- 7. Henry Ford's assembly line was best known for
  - a. Increasing production and decreasing the cost of goods
  - b. Decreasing production and increasing the cost of goods
  - c. Increasing available jobs to the educated population
  - d. Decreasing available jobs for the uneducated population

- 8. The Haymarket Affair started as a rally in support of striking workers and led to an unknown person throwing a bomb at the police who had come to break up the rally. This event was in response to
  - a. A desire for an 8 hour work day
  - b. Native-born Americans wanting to restrict immigration
  - c. Filthy and unsanitary city slums
  - d. Overcrowded and unsafe tenements
- 9. What modern day changes did the Triangle Shirtwaist Factory fire lead to?
  - a. Child labor laws
  - b. Safety codes
  - c. Labor unions
  - d. 40 hour work weeks
- 10. Of the following, which best explains why child labor increased during the Industrial Revolution?
  - a. Schools were not available for children to go to
  - b. Families were so poor even children needed to help pay the bills
  - c. Families could not afford to pay for babysitters
  - d. Big business employers forced children to work for their own benefit

Use the political cartoon below to answer question 11.



- 11. What does the miner in this political cartoon best represent?
  - a. Workers who organized into labor unions
  - b. Captains of Industry who took over big business
  - c. Immigrants who fought for better living conditions
  - d. Efforts to limit competition

Read the following document to answer questions 12 and 13.

First let me tell you something about the way we work and what we are paid. There are two kinds of work—regular, that is salary work, and piecework. The regular work pays about \$6 a week and the girls have to be at their machines at 7 o'clock in the morning and they stay at them until 8 o'clock at night, with just one-half hour for lunch in that time....

The shops are unsanitary—that's the word that is generally used, but there ought to be a worse one used. Whenever we tear or damage any of the goods we sew on, or whenever it is found damaged after we are through with it, whether we have done it or not, we are charged for the piece and sometimes for a whole yard of the material. At the beginning of every slow season, \$2 is deducted from our salaries. We have never been able to find out what this is for.

Source: Clara Lemlich, "Life in the Shop," New York Evening Journal, November 28, 1909, online at Cornell

- 12. Which of the following does the above document best represent?
  - a. Life in a city slum
  - b. Living in a tenement
  - c. Working in a sweatshop
  - d. Workers on strike
- 13. The author of this document would most likely join a labor union and strike
  - a. Against child labor
  - b. Against big business monopolies
  - c. For 8 hour work days
  - d. For more employees to be hired
- 14. Which of the following events caused the others?
  - a. The assembly line opened new jobs in factories
  - b. Skyscrapers were built in many cities throughout the United States
  - c. Goods were produced quickly and cheaply
  - d. Steel was mass produced through a new manufacturing process
- 15. Rural residents moved to urban areas during which time period?
  - a. Westward Expansion
  - b. Reconstruction Era
  - c. Civil War
  - d. Industrial Revolution

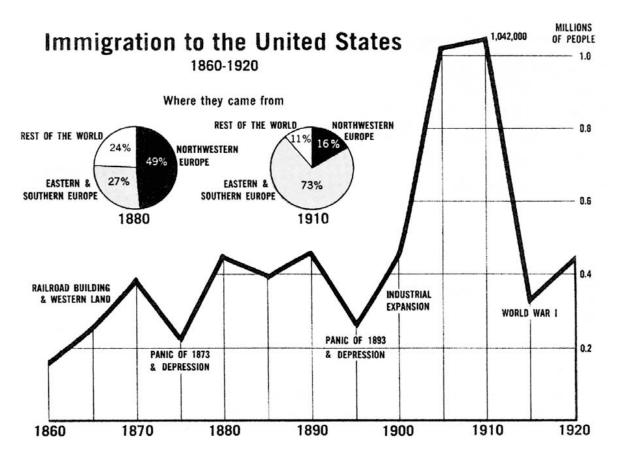
## 16. During Industrialization, population increased significantly in

- a. The West
- b. Rural areas
- c. The South
- d. Urban areas

17. Mass production is a term that can best be defined as

- a. The number of hours employees are required to work
- b. Each worker stays in one place as products move to them on a belt
- c. The ability to produce more product quicker and cheaper
- d. Big businesses taking over smaller companies for a larger profit

Use the graph below to answer questions 18 and 19.



- 18. Based on the graph above, the majority of immigrants entering the United States in 1910 came from
  - a. Northwestern Europe
  - b. Northern and Eastern Asia
  - c. The rest of the world
  - d. Eastern and Southern Europe
- 19. Based on the graph above, why did immigration rapidly increase between 1905 and 1910?
  - a. The building of the Transcontinental Railroad opened railroad jobs
  - b. The ability to move easily from East to West for new land
  - c. The increase of jobs available in cities during industrialization
  - d. The start of World War I caused people to leave Europe
- 20. Immigrants entering New York City for processing would come into which port?
  - a. Angel Island
  - b. Liberty Island
  - c. Ellis Island
  - d. Atlantic Island

## **Short Answer**

Directions: Base your answer to question 21 on the documents below and your knowledge of social studies.



Lodgers in a New York City tenement-- 1890

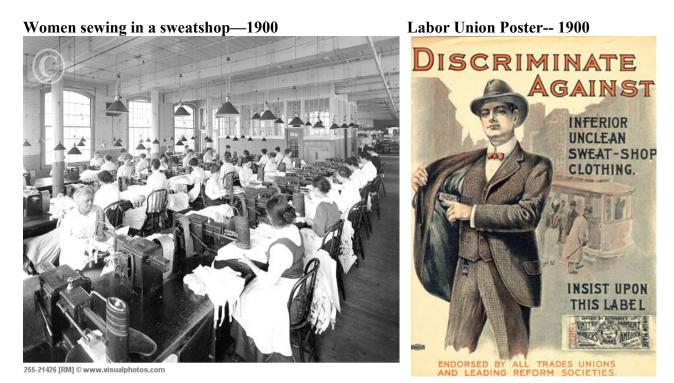
In the home of a rag-picker, New York City-- 1890



- 21. Based on the pictures above, list 2 conditions people in cities lived with.
  - (1)\_\_\_\_\_

(2) \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Base your answer to question 22 on the documents below and your knowledge of social studies.



22. Based on the documents above and your knowledge of social studies, describe one goal labor unions fought for in the 1900s.

## Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Essay Question

Immigrants arriving in America around the 1900s had dreams of starting a new life living in the "land of opportunity."

In two or three paragraphs, identify *at least* two (2) difficulties immigrants that moved to America were often faced with. Be as specific as possible and include at least one (1) example for each. Use supporting details to justify your response.